

7 Wonders of the Natural World



Amazing! Outstanding! Phenomenal these are just some of the adjectives that can be used to describe some of the natural beauty on our planet. There are many awesome sights to be seen, but the Seven Wonders of the Natural World have been separated as the most awe-inspiring. these wonders can be found on five different continents and are magnificent in their natural beauty

Victoria Falls

In Southern Africa, the Zambezi River extends hundreds of kilometres in all directions. It is here that you will find the largest waterfall in the world

Victoria Falls is one of the wonders of the world, stretching 1.7 kilometres wide and shared by the countries of Zambia and Zimbabwe.



Northern Lights - aurora Borealis



aurora Borealis (known as The Northern Lights) appears in the North sky and can be seen only from the Northern Hemisphere. These northern polar lights appear from September to October and March to April. The Aurora Borealis is named after the Roman goddess of dawn, Aurora and the Greek name for the north wind, Boreas.

Grand canyon

Located in North America is the Grand Canyon, extending 400 kilometres through the Colorado Plateau in northwest Arizona. The canyon is 6 to 30 kilometres wide and 1.6 kilometres deep. The canyon is formed by water, ice and wind and is considered one of the 7 Wonders of the World. The layers of rock were formed over millions of years ago.



Parícutin Volcano



In 1943 the Parícutin Volcano erupted in the state of Michoacán, Mexico. The first man to witness the eruption was a Tarascan Indian farmer, named Dominic Pulido. The volcano now stands at 410 metres above ground. Named after a small Tarascan Indian village, Parícutin is now counted as one of the Seven Wonders of the World.

harbour of Rio de Janeiro

The Harbour of Rio de Janeiro in Brazil is one of the 7 Wonders of the World because it holds many illusions. The Harbour can be seen in so many ways that it appears differently. For example, the mountains create an entrance into the bay and can make it appear to be a lake.



Mount Everest



On the edge of the Tibetan Plateau stands one of the most impressive of the 7 World Wonders, Mount Everest. It is considered to be the highest mountain in the world and continues to grow today at the rate of a few millimetres each year.

Great Barrier Reef

The last of the 7 Wonders of the World is the Great Barrier Reef along the northeast coast of Queensland, Australia. The Great Barrier Reef stretches 2,600 kilometres and is the world's largest coral reef. It supports a variety of endangered species. The Great Barrier Reef covers around 344,400 square kilometres and is the only living organism on Earth that is visible from space.



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victoria Falls

in Southern africa, the zambezi River flows across a flat plateau that extends hundreds of kilometres in all directions. It is Here that you will find the largest waterfall in the world

victoria falls is one of the wonders of the world, stretching 1.7 kilometres wide and shared by the countries of zambia and zimbabwe. the falls are formed as the full width of the Zambezi river plummets into a 108 metre high cleft During the wet season, the spray from the falls can be seen nearly 50 kilometres away, hence the local name Mosi-oa-Tunya (the 'Smoke that Thunders').

The falls drop into a deep narrow chasm, which is connected to a long series of gorges This unique form allows the falls to be viewed face-on 60 metres away from the opposite side of the gorge



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across the sky shaped by the earth's magnetic field, the lights are constantly changing and evolving. The cree (a group of people in North America) call this phenomenon the "Dance of the Spirits

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Parícutin volcano



in 1943 the parícutin Volcano erupted in the state of Michoacán, Mexico. The first man to witness the eruption was a Tarascan Indian farmer, named Dominic Pulido. The volcano now stands at 410 metres above ground. Its hardened lava covers 16 square kilometres and its volcanic sand covers 32 square kilometres. Named after a small Tarascan Indian village, Parícutin is now counted as one of the Seven Wonders of the World.

harbour of Rio de Janeiro

The Harbour of Rio de Janeiro in Brazil is one of the 7 Wonders of the World because it holds many illusions. The Harbour can be viewed in so many ways that it appears differently and can be deceptive. For example, the mountains create an entrance into the bay and can make it appear to be a lake. However, when the Portuguese explorers arrived in 1502, they believed the bay was a large river and named it Rio de Janeiro, the "River of January" in honour of the month they arrived.



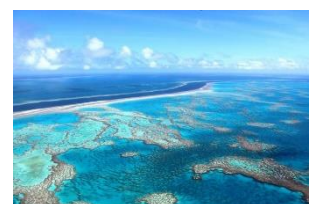
Mount Everest



On the edge of the Tibetan Plateau stands one of the most impressive of the 7 World Wonders, Mount Everest. Like the rest of the Himalayas, Mount Everest rose from the floor of the ancient Tethys Sea. It is considered to be the highest mountain in the world and continues to grow today at the rate of a few millimetres each year.

Great Barrier Reef

The last of the 7 Wonders of the World is the Great Barrier Reef along the northeast coast of Queensland, Australia. The Great Barrier Reef stretches 2,600 kilometres and is the world's largest coral reef ecosystem, made up of 2,900 individual reefs. It supports a variety of endangered species. The Great Barrier Reef covers an area of approximately 344,400 square kilometres and is the only living organism on Earth that is visible from space.



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Grand canyon

located in North america is the grand canyon, extending 400 kilometres through the colorado Plateau in northwest arizona The canyon is 6 to 30 kilometres wide and 1.6 kilometres deep. The canyon is an erosion formed by water ice and wind and is considered one of the 7 Wonders of the World the layers of rock were formed over millions of Years ago and provide significant insight into the earth s geologic timescale



parícutin volcano



in 1943 the parícutin Volcano erupted in the state of michoacán mexico. The first man to witness the eruption was a Tarascan Indian farmer, named dominic Pulido. The Parícutin is a Monogenetic cone, which means it stems from a single point of eruption the volcano now stands at 410 metres above ground Its hardened lava covers 16 square kilometres and its volcanic sand covers 32 square kilometres Named after a small tarascan Indian village Parícutin is now counted as one of the Seven Wonders of the World

harbour of rio de Janeiro

the Harbour of rio de janeiro in brazil is one of the 7 Wonders of the World because it holds many illusions The Harbour can be viewed in so many ways that it appears differently and can be Deceptive For example, the mountains create an entrance into the bay and can make it appear to be a lake. However when the portuguese explorers arrived in 1502, they Believed the bay was a large river and named it rio de Janeiro, the “River of January in honour of the month they arrived



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Homes of the gods and were considered sacred

great barrier Reef

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